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VERMONT STANDARD-WOODSTOCK, VERMONT

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Reading adopts 'Proclamation of Inclusion'

By Lauren Dorsey Staff Writer

n Jan. 8, after discussions at four meetings over as many months, the Reading Selectboard voted unanimously to adopt a "Proclamation of Inclusion." The text, written by selectboard member Bob Hartnett, closely reflects the language used by Gov. Phil Scott in his 2021 statement of inclusion.

It says in full:

The Selectboard of Reading, Vermont, proclaims the following:

The Town of Reading stands with Governor Philip B. Scott and the state of Vermont in condemning discrimination in all of its forms and agrees with the Proclamation of Inclusion signed by Governor Scott on May 7th 2021

With this Proclamation of Inclusion, the Town of Reading follows the lead of the state and formally condemns discrimination in all of its forms and welcomes everyone to our community.

The Town of Reading commits to treating everyone in

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opinions.

Given under our hand this 8th day of January 2024

However, called group Vermont the Declaration of Inclusion. statewide

grassroots movement which first approached Reading about adopting its statement of inclusion in October, has said that the new Reading proclamation fails to fully meet their criteria. According to Barbara Pulling, a volunteer with the Vermont Declaration of Inclusion, it falls short because, unlike their version or the statement released by Scott in 2021, Reading's new proclamation does not specify any marginalized groups.

"'All are welcome' is a little washed down, and it's too broad. It's almost like a marketing message," Pulling told the Standard. "We

our community without dis- don't think just saying 'all the approval of the Vermont ally with either version at views for unintentional bias criminatory prejudice, and people' is enough, and that's Declaration of Inclusion for this point. I think we need to that may be in the language. to being a town where every- the same criteria we've been Version 1. "We were ready just make the statement and This is step one today, step one can freely express their using with towns across the to go forward with [that verstate. We would like them to sion], when some other folks

> "We don't think just saying 'all people' is enough, and that's the same criteria we've been using with towns across the state. We would like them to list the marginalized groups, both so that those groups are top of mind for local officials as they do their business and because it means so much to members of those groups to see themselves listed."

Barbara Pulling, Vermont Declaration of Inclusion

both so that those groups are anytime you start to list all top of mind for local officials as they do their business and because it means so much to members of those groups to see themselves listed."

During the Reading Selectboard meeting last week, Hartnett presented two different versions of a statement he had written. The primary difference between the drafts was that "Version 1" listed a series of marginalized groups and "Version 2" did not.

Hartnett explained that er list that everybody seems after a previous selectboard to feel is the master list of meeting, he added the changes the town had discussed and successfully secured

list the marginalized groups, came in and [explained that] of these [communities], any group might feel slighted. You have the potential to not include somebody [and to] actually be less inclusive." Although Hartnett said

that he preferred Version 2, he noted that he didn't like the idea of excluding Reading from the Vermont Declaration of Inclusion's list. "I don't want us to be perceived by others as not caring about inclusivity because we're not on this othinclusivity," Hartnett said think we can go wrong re-

move on."

After a discussion in which many residents of the town agreed that they preferred Hartnett's second version. Hartnett turned to the other members of the board. "I think both

versions hit the nail on the head," said selectboard chair Gordon Eastman. "Version 1 is somewhat explicit, but it doesn't include everybody like Version 2 does, right? I will be in favor of Version 2."

Before the vote, Hartnett expressed his desire to follow through with an earlier commitment to review Reading's policies for bias, regardless of the version they chose. "If we adopt this, I am planning in future meetings to start asking for volunteers," said Hartnett. "It's probably going to take a small committee [with] whatever resources the state during the meeting. "I don't might have to guide us [on how to] do these policy re-

one of many.'

While Pulling regrets that Reading failed to pass a more assertive statement. she also commends the community on their thoughtfulness and dedication to the subject. "Reading did such a great job. We appreciate what they did involving the community," Pulling told the Standard. "There was so much attendance at so many of those selectboard meetings and it's truly great that the selectboard [wants to] take a look at the town's policies and procedures and make sure there's no discriminatory or exclusionary language in there. It just boils down to the wording of the actual declaration that they passed."

"I am very happy that the selectboard recognized the importance of this," wrote Reading resident Bill Bakker in an email to the Standard. "But, we also all know that this is just a first step in making sure we create Reading into a truly welcoming place for all."